

Stat 2605 Tutorial 6

November 15, 2022

1. Suppose (X, Y) has joint pmf given by:

$f(x, y)$		\mathbf{x}		
		1	2	3
\mathbf{y}	0	0.2	0.1	0.1
	1	0.1	0.3	0
	2	0	0.1	0.1

and zero otherwise. Find $\mathbf{E}(2X^2Y + 1)$.

2. Suppose (X, Y) has joint pmf given by:

$f(x, y)$		\mathbf{x}		
		2	3	4
\mathbf{y}	-1	0.1	0.2	0.05
	0	0.27	0.1	0.15
	1	0	0.03	0.1

and zero otherwise.

- (a) Are X and Y independent?
 (b) Show that $\mathbf{E}(XY) \neq \mathbf{E}(X)\mathbf{E}(Y)$.
 3. Suppose (X, Y) has joint pdf given by:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x+y}{3} & 0 < x < 2, \quad 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the marginal pdfs $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$.
 (b) Are X and Y independent?
 (c) Find the conditional mean $\mathbf{E}(Y | X = 1)$.
 4. Suppose that the distribution of the lifetime of a light bulb has an exponential distribution with a mean of 900 hours. Find the probability that the total lifetime of 20 bulbs exceeds 22000 hours.
 5. Suppose the random variable, X , has a Geometric(p) distribution, with pmf given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (1-p)^{x-1}p & x = 1, 2, \dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the mgf, $M_X(t)$, and use it to find $\mathbf{E}(X)$.